# State of Illinois William G. Stratton, Governor DEPARTMENT OF REGISTRATION AND EDUCATION Vera M. Binks, Director

Division of the

# STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

M. M. Leighton, Chief

Urbana

CIRCULAR NO. 182

# SUMMARY OF WATER FLOOD OPERATIONS IN ILLINOIS OIL POOLS DURING 1951

Ву

Paul A. Witherspoon and Paul J. Shanor and Members of the Illinois Secondary Recovery and Pressure Maintenance Study Committee



Printed by Authority of the State of Illinois

Urbana, Illinois 1953

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Ву

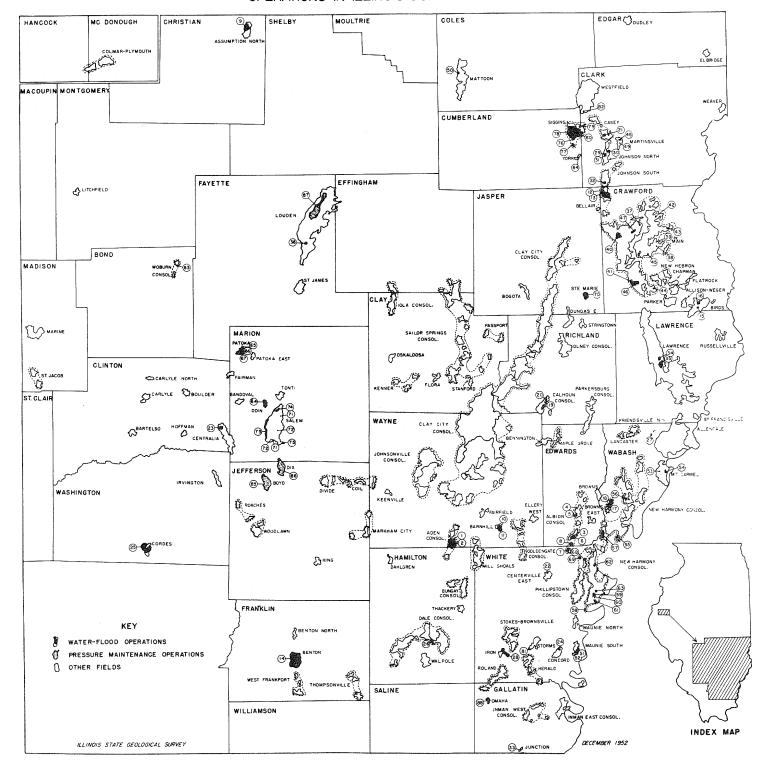
Paul A. Witherspoon and Paul J. Shanor and

Members of the Illinois Secondary Recovery and Pressure Maintenance Study Committee

Urbana, Illinois 1953

# Figure I MAP SHOWING ER FLOOD AND PRESSURE MAINTENANG

# WATER FLOOD AND PRESSURE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS IN ILLINOIS DURING 1951



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Figure 2

GENERALIZED GEOLOGIC COLUMN SHOWING FORMATIONS
SUBJECTED TO WATER FLOODING IN THE ILLINOIS BASIN

YSTEM	SERIES OR		FORMATION ("SAND" NAME)	NO. OF REPORTED WATER FLOODS DURING 1951
<u></u>		9-0-7-0-7-6		
PLEI	STOCENE			
ANANA	MC LEANSBORO		("GAS" SAND) (CASEY) (SIGGINS)	   6   4
NNSYLVANIAN	CARBONDALE	Control Contro	("SOO") (BELLAIR "SOO") (U. PARTLOW)	2
0.	CASEYVILLE- TRADEWATER		(PENNUNGLASSIFIED) (BRIDGEPORT) (ROBINSON) (BIEHL) KINKAID	  4  13  6
MISSISSIPPIAN	A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	The state of the s	DEGONIA  CLORE PALESTINE MENARD WALTERSBURG VIENNA TAR SPRINGS GLEN DEAN HARDINSBURG GOLCONDA CYPRESS PAINT CREEK BETHEL RENAULT AUX VASES	5 4
ratikiisisedaksi-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratikar-ratik	IOWA		ST. GENEVIEVE FROSICLARE) MC GLOSKY) ST. LOUIS SALEM OSAGE GARPER) KINDERHOOK-	3 02
	Commission and a second and a s		New Albany Devonian	
	ALEXAP- DEGAR		⊕ SILUMAN	
CRONCIEN	CINCIN- NATIAN		maguoréta * "Trentor"	

#### INTRODUCTION

This report is the result of a joint effort by the Illinois Secondary Recovery and Pressure Maintenance Study Committee and the Illinois State Geological Survey. The following persons were appointed to the Study Committee by Governor Adlai E. Stevenson, early in 1952, to assist in the compilation of data on water flooding operations in Illinois oil pools during 1951:

Paul A. Witherspoon, Chairman Illinois State Geological Survey Urbana, Illinois

Paul J. Shanor, Secretary Illinois State Geological Survey Urbana, Illinois

Hugh S. Barger Barger Engineering Evansville, Indiana

A. H. Bell Illinois State Geological Survey Urbana, Illinois

C. E. Brehm Box 368 Mt. Vernon, Illinois

Allen Calvert
Calvert Drilling Company
Olney, Illinois

C. V. Cameron Shell Oil Company Centralia, Illinois

W. H. Davison
Davison and Company
Robinson, Illinois

R. E. Dunn Walter Duncan Oil Properties Mt. Vernon, Illinois

T. W. George George and Wrather Mt. Carmel, Illinois

R. E. Hammond Carter Oil Company Mattoon, Illinois T. F. Lawry Kewanee Oil Company Robinson, Illinois

R. W. Love The Texas Company Salem, Illinois

Paul Phillippi Forest Oil Corporation Casey, Illinois

Mark Plummer The Pure Oil Company Olney, Illinois

L. C. Powell
The Ohio Oil Company
Terre Haute, Indiana

C. E. Skiles
Skiles Oil Corporation
Box 251, Mt. Carmel, Illinois

Frederick Squires 1003 W. Church Champaign, Illinois

Harry Swaneck
Gulf Refining Company
Centralia, Illinois

Ray Vincent Sohio Petroleum Company Centralia, Illinois

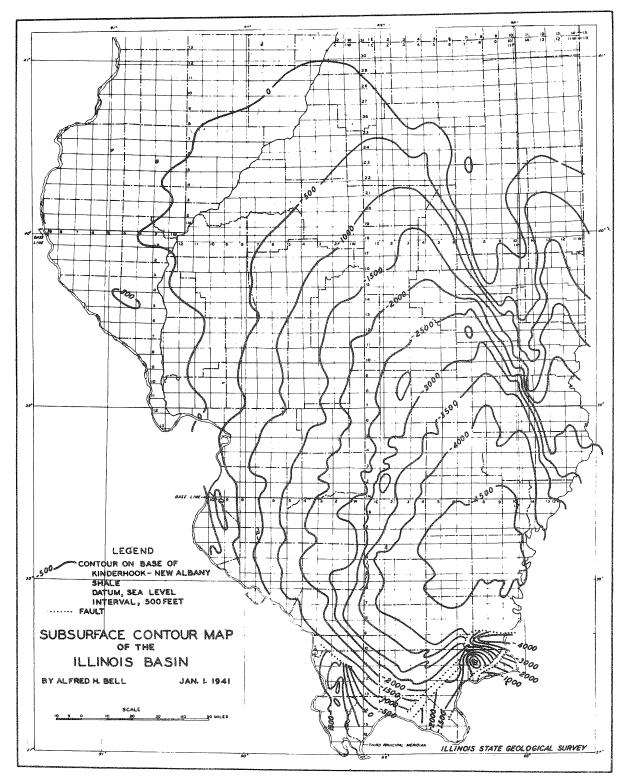
E. C. Wells Carter Oil Company Mattoon, Illinois

M. R. Wilson The Texas Company Salem, Illinois

R. A. Wilson Tidewater Associated Oil Company Robinson, Illinois

As a means to collect information on the water injection projects in operation during

Figure 3
SUBSURFACE CONTOUR MAP OF THE ILLINOIS BASIN



1951, the Study Committee set up a questionnaire on July 1, 1952. The Geological Survey sent the questionnaire to all water flood operators in Illinois and compiled the data returned. This questionnaire did not request data on gas injection operations other than whether or not gas injection had previously been used.

This report supplements two previous summaries of water flooding operations in Illinois which were published by the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, "Summary of Water Flooding Operations in Illinois, 1950," which reported operations during 1949, and "Summary of Water Flooding Operations in Illinois to 1951," which reported operations during 1950. These reports were reprinted by the Illinois State Geological Survey as Circulars 165 and 176 respectively.

### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Table I presents a summary of the information collected concerning water flood projects in operation during 1951. The data are arranged alphabetically by fields and include 84 water flood projects. Excluding the McClosky ''dump'' floods in the Clay City Consolidated field, there were approximately 90 water floods in operation in Illinois during 1951. Table I provides data on 93 percent of these projects. In terms of cumulative figures, however, this summary approaches 100 percent coverage because the unreported projects are small pilot floods.

A total of 57,146,845 barrels of water was injected during 1951, and 6,672,008 barrels of water flood oil was produced (exclusive of the McClosky "dump" floods), or a ratio of 8.5 barrels of water for each barrel of oil produced. A cumulative total of 148,279,296 barrels of water had been injected by the end of 1951 in recovering 21,889,880 barrels of oil, or an input water-oil ratio of 6.8. The cumulative input water-oil ratio is lower than the 1951 ratio because a considerable number of new projects were started in 1951 (and a few in 1950) from which appreciable increases in oil production had not been realized by the end of the year.

The 6,672,008 barrels of water flood oil recovered in 1951 is 11 percent of the state's total oil production of 60,244,000 barrels. Comparable figures for 1950 were 3,107,154 barrels of water flood oil out of a total of 62,028,000 barrels. It is interesting to note that the 17,643 productive acres that were subjected to injection during 1951 represent only 4 percent of the state's total oil-productive area. This is an impressive indication of the contribution water flooding is making to the recovery of one of the state's most valuable mineral resources.

It is estimated that the McClosky "dump" floods recovered 1 and 1-2 million barrels of water flood oil during 1951 and have an accumulated secondary recovery of 8 million barrels. Thus, the total accumulated water flood oil recovery in Illinois was approximately 30 million barrels by the end of 1951.

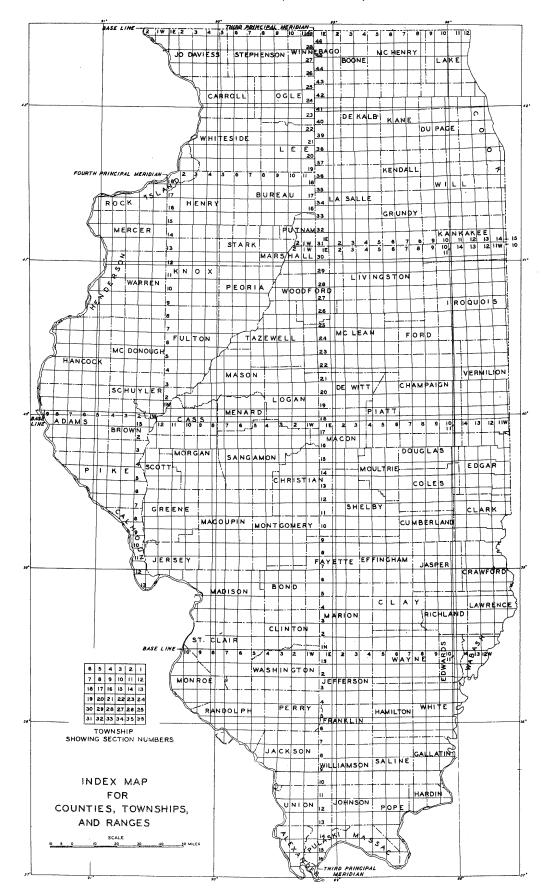
Table II presents data on the four pressure maintenance projects that used water injection during 1951. The oil-production statistics include both primary recovery and any additional oil obtained by pressure maintenance operations. These water injection operations augment natural water drives.

Each project listed in Tables I and II has been numbered, and corresponding numbers on Figure 1 show the location of water flood and pressure maintenance operations in Illinois during 1951.

A generalized geologic column (Fig. 2) indicates the oil-producing formations in the Illinois Basin. Listed opposite these oil-producing formations are the number of reported water floods as taken from Table I. It will be seen that the water floods are divided almost equally between Pennsylvanian and Mississippian formations and that three limestone formations are being flooded among a predominant number of sandstones.

A subsurface contour map of the Illinois Basin is shown in Fig. 3, which is based on the subsea elevation of the base of the Kinderhook-New Albany shale (see Fig. 2). This contour map is reproduced from 'Developments in Eastern Interior Basin in 1940' by A. H. Bell (Bull. American Assoc. Petrol. Geol., Vol. 25 No. 6, 1941, also Illinois Geol. Survey Ill. Pet. 38). An index map of counties, townships, and ranges in Illinois is shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4
INDEX MAP FOR COUNTIES, TOWNSHIPS, AND RANGES



#### WATER SUPPLY

by
Frank C. Foley\*

Increased water flooding operations in Illinois are accompanied by an increased demand for water. In many parts of the oil fields of southern Illinois, water, especially groundwater, is in limited supply. Brine is available at most places in the oil fields but not usually in quantities adequate for large-scale water flooding projects such as the Salem Unit or the Benton Unit. It is necessary, therefore, in most flooding projects to supplement available brine with fresh water from streams and wells.

The availability of water from streams is usually readily determined, and data on stream flows can be obtained from the District Engineer, U. S. Geological Survey, 605 South Neil Street, Champaign, Illinois, and the Illinois State Water Survey, Urbana, Illinois.

Groundwater, other than brines, in the oil fields of southern Illinois must be obtained largely from the surficial glacial drift deposits and recent valley alluvium or in some places from Pennsylvanian sandstones or Mississippian limestones. There are many good aquifers in the glacial drift and alluvial deposits, but careful search of well records and field study is necessary to locate them. Recent alluvial deposits are found in present stream valleys. The largest deposits of water-yielding sand and gravel in the glacial drift are usually found in buried preglacial valleys or in valleys that drained from melting ice sheets. The first problem is the discovery and mapping of the buried valleys, after which the location of water-yielding sand or gravel in them requires additional detailed investigation. The Illinois State Geological Survey has located many buried valleys but many more years of study will be necessary before all potential water-yielding deposits are known (Horberg, Leland, Bedrock Topography of Illinois: Illinois Geol. Survey Bull. 73, 1950).

Before beginning field exploration for groundwater sources, review of the data on file in the State Geological Survey and the State Water Survey is essential and frequently indicates favorable avenues for further investigation. These studies commonly point to the need for surface electrical earth resistivity exploration and a field canvass of existing water sources.

The electrical earth resistivity method has been used with much success for more than 20 years by the Illinois Geological Survey to locate test drilling sites for probable deposits of sand and gravel in the unconsolidated glacial and fluvial overburden. This method is not infallible but is a very useful geophysical tool when combined with geological data by experienced personnel.

After geophysical, geologic, and test drilling data are assembled and analyzed, determination of the capacity and characteristics of the water-yielding formation by pumping test procedures is the final step before proceeding to construction of the water supply development. The Illinois Water Survey is prepared to furnish measuring equipment and skilled observational personnel for work of this type.

The 130,000 well logs on file in the Illinois Geological Survey are an abundant source of data for work in groundwater geology. Unfortunately, logs of many oil wells give no information or only sketchy information on the unconsolidated material above bedrock. Thousands of logs merely report "surface material." It is urged that oil operators make a specific effort to obtain detailed logs of the surficial material, for that material might be an important source of groundwater. Complete logs will greatly improve the assistance which the Geological Survey will be able to give in locating groundwater.

<sup>\*</sup>Geologist and Head, Division of Groundwater Geology and Geophysical Exploration, Illinois State Geological Survey. This statement has been prepared in collaboration with H. E. Hudson, Jr., Engineer and Head, Engineering Subdivision, Illinois State Water Survey.

TABLE I

ILLINOIS WATER FLOOD PROJECTS DURING 1951

CENTED	ΛŦ	INFORMATION

Map No.	Field	Operator	Project	Formation ''Sand''	County
1	Aden Consolidated	Texas	Aden	Aux Vases	Wayne
2	Aden Consolidated	Texas	Aden	McClosky	Wayne
3	Albion Consolidated	Carter	Albion	Lower Bridgeport	Edwards
4	Albion Consolidated	Continental	Stafford	McClosky	Edwards
5	Albion Consolidated	Jarvis Brothers and Marcell	-	McClosky	Edwards
6	Albion Consolidated	Superior	South Albion	Bridgeport	Edwards
7 .	Albion Consolidated	Yingling	Biehl Unit #1	Biehl	White
8	Albion Consolidated	Yingling	Biehl Unit #2	Biehl	Edwards
9	Assumption North	Continental	Benoist	Benoist	Christian
10	Barnhill	Ashland	Barnhill	McClosky	Wayne
11	Barnhill	Wayne Development	Walter	McClosky	Wayne
12	Bellair	Forest	Bellair	Bellair "500"	Crawford
13	Bellair	Pure	Fulton	Bellair "500"	Crawford
14	Benton	Shell	Benton Unit	Tar Springs	Franklin
15	Birds	Franchot	Highsmith	Robinson	Crawford
16	Birds	Yingling	J. W. Lindsay	Robinson	Crawford
17	Brown's East	Magnolia	Bellmont	Cypress	Wabash
18	Brown's East	Magnolia	Bellmont Water Flood Association	Cypress	Wabash
19	Calhoun Consolidated	Ashland	Calhoun	McClosky	Richland
20	Calhoun Consolidated	Phillips	Bohlander	McClosky	Richland
21	Casey	Forest	Casey	Casey	Clark
22	Centerville East	Sun	East Centerville	Tar Springs	White
23	Centralia	Sohio	Copple-Trenton	Trenton	Clinton
24	Concord	Phillips	Tuley	McClosky	White
25	Cordes	Shell, et al.	Cordes	Benoist	Washington
26	Dale Consolidated	Texas	West Dale Unit	Aux Vases	Hamilton
27	Friendsville North	Magnolia	J. L. Litherland	Biehl	Wabash
28	Iron	Shell	Iron Unit	Hardinsburg	White
29	Johnson North	McMahon	Block "A"	Casey	Clark
30	Johnson North	McMahon	Block "B"	500 ft.	Clark
31	Johnson North	Tidewater	Clark County No. 1	Casey	Clark
32	Johnson South	Forest	South Johnson	Upper Partlow	Clark
33	Junction	J. A. Lewis	-	Waltersburg	Gallatin
34,35	Lawrence	Ohio	Two Projects	Bridgeport	Lawrence

PRODUCTION AND INJECTION STATISTICS (Barrels) Secondary Recovery Water Injection Oil Production Water Production Location Date First Total Cumulative Total Cumulative Total Cumulative  $\mathbf{Map}$ Section Township Range Injection 1951 12-31-51 1951 12-31-51 1951 12-31-51 No. 8,9,16,17 -3S -7E August, 1946 370,774 888,874 58,915 77,581 1 58,035) 110,334) -7E 8,9,16,17 -3S August, 1946 355,112 752,755 40,847 105,790 2 11,12 **-**3S -10E December, 1947 47,360 182,446 5,922 29,546 36,473 3 13 -2S -10E May, 1943 22,451\* 4 24 -2S -10E July, 1951 6,120 6,120 None None 5 1,11,12 -3S -10E August, 1946 854,511\* 173,502\* 789,679\* 6 23 -3S -10E August, 1949 403,920 884.639 127,474 243,291 7 14 ~3S -10E December, 1950 184,410 186,138 46,415 46,415 8 3,4,9,10 -13N -1E July, 1950 627,366 865,373 146,866 110,127 160,409 132,826 9 26,34,35 -2S -8E January, 1951 543,300 543,300 18,725 18,725 18,520 18,520 10 26 -2S -8E December, 1950 83,185 83,185 11 2,11,12 -8N -14W July, 1948 1,969,900 6,977,000 91,200 216,650 12 July, 1948 2,11,12 -8N -14W 4,637,798 12,852,050 163,255 366,875 1,965,288 3.114.433 13 -6S -2,3E 9,518,589 November, 1949 19,997,583 1,803,751 1,751,527\* 1,380,445 1,620,046 14 21 -5N -11W June, 1951 247,374 247,374 15 16 -5N -11W August, 1950 520,312 618,186 21,454 21,454 16 2.11 -2S -14W November, 1947 103,542 456,061 82,505\* 335.118\* 29,760 38,778 17 1,2,11,12 -2S -14W January, 1951 611,257 611,257 93,299\* 93,299\* 18 7.18 -2N -10E September, 1951 72,050 72,050 245 245 19 13 -2N -9E 6 -2N -10E June, 1950 152,780 199,056 3,798 3,798 4,558 4,558 20 14,15,23 -10N -14W March, 1950 671,500 1,124,000 54,270 71,676 21 -4S -10E October, 1950 23,701 26.073 1,374 1,374 None None 22 35 -2N -1W November, 1951 33,138 33,138 3,066\* 3,066\* 246 246 23 21 -6S -10E July, 1951 105,939 105,939 18,301 18,301 9,114 9,114 24 14,15,22, -3S -3W August, 1950 1,305,582 1,892,548 519,371 529,308 555,804 656,815 25 23 11 -6S -6E July, 1951 181.853 181,853 None None 1,998 1,998 26 1,12 -1N -13W July, 1947 63,192 223,143 17,577\* 109,366\* 28,760 66,475 27 23,24,25 -6S -8F. December, 1950 1,149,485 1,255,092 None None 13,575 13,663 28 -9N -14W April, 1949 868,305 2,562,986 53,164 133,649 536,320 848,867 29 35.36 May, 1951 -10N-14W 46,175 46,175 None 30 None None None -9N -14W February, 1950 524,369 915,126 16,000 21,000 121,914 129,955 31 27.34 -9N -14W March, 1949 2,305,700 5,585,000 105,200 256,000 32 16,17,20, -9S -9E May, 1951 81,347 81,347 None None None None 33 3,294,973 425,371 5,316,541 337,821 520,795 557,916 34.35

TABLE I (Continued)

	DEVELOPMENT AS OF 12-31-51						INJECTION WATER			
Map	Number Injection		Injection Pattern	Spacing Acres Per Input Well	Productive A Subjected To Injection	creage Total	Source	Type	Avg. Bbls. Per Day Per Well Per Foot	Average Wellhead Pressure PSI
No.	injection 5	16	Perimeter		1,050	1,050	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	16.9	1,250
1				_	920	920	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	54.1	850
2	5	17	Perimeter	-	106	106	Produced	Brine	10.0	200
3	1	5	Flank	-	20	20	Produced	Brine	, ma	**
4	1	1	-	-				Brine	1.3	Vacuum
5	1	6		-	140	140	Produced	Brine		
6	2	12	Perimeter	-	203	-		Brine	21,6	725
7	3	13	Flank	-	220	220	Pennsylvanian sand			
8	1	6	Flank		90	90	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	22.9	175
9	13	27	Perimeter	***	400	400	Shallow sand and produced	Brine	10.4	800
10	7	22	-	40	320	-	Cypress	Brine	23.6	0
11	1	2	-	toin	40	40	Cypress	Brine	12.7	-
12	56	51	5-spot	4.4	200	-	Gravel bed	Fresh	2.5	285
13	131	125	5-spot	4.4	443	443	Gravel bed	Fresh	4.6	265
14	107	123	5-spot	20	2,200	2,200	Lake	Fresh	6.6	380
15	9	6	5-spot	10	40	60	Tar Springs	Brine	4.9	100
16	11	41	5-spot	4,4	160	360	1,300 ft. sand	Brine	4.2	185
17	3	11	<del></del>	•••	184	184	w-	544	Name .	1,700
18	-		5-spot	20	Mad	100	Tar Springs	Brine	en en	900
19	3	7	Flank	~	195	_	Cypress	Brine	41.7	
20	3	10	Irregular	20	110	160	Upper sand and	Brine	13.9	0
21	62	27	5-spot	4.4	175	na.	produced Gravel bed	Fresh	3.0	200
22	1	5	Spot	ena.	80	-	Gravel bed	Fresh	10.8	900
23	2	12	1	20	160	200	Devonian	Brine	12.3	Vacuum
24	1	5		Irregula		85	Upper sand and	Brine	21.8	0
25	36	68	5-spot	10	640	640	produced Pottsville	Brine	7.1	225
			3**spot		295	295	Shallow sand and	Fresh and		2.00
26	3	16					produced	brine		950
27	2	3	Else.		40	40		Brine	Life.	264
28	19	22	5-spot	20	390	430	Tar Springs			
29	26	24	5-spot	4.4	125	~~	20 ft. well	Fresh	4.6	222
30	27	6	5-spot	4,4	80		20 ft. well	Fresh	0,3	180
31	14	18	5-spot	4.4	64	80	Gravel bed and produced	Fresh and brine		200
32	47	47	5-spot	4.4	200	ann.	Produced	Brine	2.8	250
33	5	9	Modified 5~spot	Irregula	r 50	-	Gravel bed	Fresh	4.8	650
34,35	61	142	700	aina	581	Яè	war	Fresh	-	

RESERVOIR STATISTICS	(Average	Values)	
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REMARKS
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	RESE	ERVOIR STA	TISTICS (Avera	age Value	es)	REMARKS		
Depth Feet	Net Pay Thickness Feet	Porosity Per Cent	Permeability Millidarcys	Oil Gravity API	Oil Viscosity Centipoises		Map <u>No.</u>	
3,200	10	22	150	)	-		1	
3,350	3,6	MON	-	35.4) )	6.5 @ 100° F.		2	
1,900	13	20	305	35	6.0 @ 100° F.	Viscosity at original reservoir conditions 7.9 cp.	3	
3,222	4	16.3	898	39	<b>-</b> ,	Dump flood; *As of 6-1-52.	4	
3,150	30	-	-	37	-		5	
1,900	20	19.7	304	32.5	6.3 @ 95° F.	*As of 6-1-52.	6	
2,000	17.1	20.2	265	38.0	5.3 @ 88° F.		7	
1,950	22.0	19.3	303	35.8	6.0 @ 84° F.		8	
1,050	12.7	19.4	102.5	39.7	-	Original viscosity approximately 3 cp.	9	
3,350	9	rea.	-	39	-		10	
3,450	18	-	ere .	658	-		11	
550	38	17.1	148	32.4	16 @ 77° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	12	
560	21	18.6	149	32	18.7 @ 77° F.	Original BHP 200 psi.	13	
2,100	35	19	65	38	3.5 @ 86° F.	*1950 production 52,224 bbls. below normal.	14	
950	26	18.9	162	31.7	21		15	
960	31	19.1	135	31.6	17 @ 80° F.		16	
	-	1504	ens	-	pos.	*Includes primary production.	17	
2,570	com	-	rea.	***	-	*Includes primary production.	18	
3,150	6	998		37			19	
3,130	10	11.2	67.5	36			20	
450	10	17.4	173	31.9	16.6 @ 70° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	21	
2,530	6	60-	ends	38.0	9		22	
3,950	22	10	PRIS.	39.8	2.7	Pilot flood; *Includes primary and water flood.	23	
2,960	30	Ma		was:	ma.		24	
1,230	14	20	250	37	-	Cooperative: Shell, Magnolia, McBride, Horton.	25	
3,050	14	17	125	we.	ede	Previously subjected to gas injection.	26	
m	29	504		<del></del>	es.	*Includes primary production.	27	
2,500	rjen.	<del>~</del>	em.	36.0	err		28	
450	10-30	20.8	399	33.9	10.7 @ 70° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	29	
480	22	18.3	66	33	10 @ 70° F.		30	
425	17	20.6	415	33.9	10.7 @ 70° F.	Subjected to gas injection 1946-47.	31	
490	48	16.6	319	29.2	14.7 @ 77° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	32	
1,750	14	Ser.		34.7	6.7 @ 81° F.	Pilot flood.	33	
64	MSS	X200	NO	Ma.	24		34,35	

, Alb

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Map No.	Field	Operator	Project	Formation 'Sand'	County
36	Louden	Carter	Pilot No. 1	Cypress	Fayette
37	Main	Arkansas Fuel	North Morris	Robinson	Crawford
38	Main	Buckeye	J. S. Kirk	Robinson	Crawford
39	Main	Logan	Alexander-Reynolds	Robinson	Crawford
40,41	Main	Ohio	Two Projects	Robinson	Crawford
42	Main	Petroleum Producing	-	Robinson	Crawford
43	Main	Skiles	Dennis-Lloyd	Robinson "4"	Crawford
44	Main	Skiles	Highsmith	Robinson "1"	Crawford
45	Main	Skiles	Walter Community	and "2" Robinson "1"	Crawford
46	Main	Tidewater	Dennis-Hardin	and ''3'' Robinson	Crawford
47	Main	Tidewater	Henry-Ikemire	Robinson	Crawford
48	Martinsville	Magnolia	Casey	Casey	Clark
49	Martinsville	Magnolia	Carper	Carper	Clark
50	Mattoon	Phillips	Mattoon	Rosiclare	Coles
51	Maunie South	Magnolia	Tar Springs Unit	Tar Springs	White
52	Maunie South	Magnolia	Tar Springs Unit #2	Tar Springs	White `
53	Mt. Carmel	First National Petroleum Trust	Shaw Courter	Biehl	Wabash
54	Mt. Carmel	Superior	North Mt. Carmel	Biehl	Wabash
55	New Harmony Consolidated	Phillips	Schultz	Cypress	Wabash
56	New Harmony Consolidated	Skiles	West Maud	Benoist	Wabash
57	New Harmony Consolidated	Skiles	Siegert Bottoms	Benoist	Wabash
58	New Harmony Consolidated	Sun	Fort "A"	McClosky	Edwards White
59	New Harmony Consolidated	Sun	Greathouse	Bethel	White
60	New Harmony Consolidated	Sun	Greathouse	McClosky	White
61	New Harmony Consolidated	Superior	Waltersburg	Waltersburg	White, Ill.
62	New Harmony Consolidated	Tidewater	O. R. Evans	Aux Vases	Posey, Ind. White
63	New Harmony Consolidated	Tidewater	E. S. Dennis "A"	Bethel	White
64	Odin	Ashland	Odin	Cypress	Marion
65	Patoka	Sohio	Patoka Benoist	Benoist	Marion
66	Patoka	Sohio	Patoka Rosiclare	Rosiclare	Marion
67	Patoka	Sohio	Stein Unit	Stein	Marion
68	Phillipstown Consolidated	British American	North Calvin	Penna #7	White
69	Phillipstown Consolidated	Magnolia	Schmidt-Seifried Unit	Biehl	White
70	Ste. Marie	S. Lebow	Ste. Marie	McClosky	Jasper

PRODUCTION AND INJECTION STATISTICS (Barrels) Secondary Recovery Water Injection Oil Production Water Production Date First Total Total Cumulative Cumulative Cumulative Location Total Map 1951 12-31-51 12-31-51 1951 12-31-51 1951 Township Range Injection No. Section 19,20 -7N -3E October, 1950 772,156 826,616 31,812 31,812 None None 36 4,905 -13W 59,863 4,905 -7N April, 1951 59,863 1,250 1,250 37 15,752 15,752 38 2.9 -7N -12W August, 1951 None None None None 20 -7N -12W 7,500 7,500 39 December, 1951 None None None None 6.883.963 40,41 3,553,415 291,283 527.430 951.736 1.284.067 29,32 -8N -12W August, 1951 41,000 41,000 None None None 42 15.304 15.304 300 300 43 10 -7N -12W July, 1951 None None -6N -12W September, 1951 12,974 12,974 None None 400 400 44 -13W 1.950 1.950 36 -7N December, 1951 15 15 45 None None 27,34 -6N -13W August, 1950 351,251 433,649 6,600 7,900 21,617 23,347 46 443,985 10.15 -13W February, 1948 1,081,851 162,156 254,576 47 -7N 58,534 157,800 August, 1950 19 -10N -13W 335,519 409,044 689\* 1,068\* 5,814 17,719 48 -10N -13W . 30 January, 1951 163,143 163,143 2.410\* 2.410\* 2,268 2,268 49 22 -12N -7E November, 1950 11,155 13,996 5,287 6,285 16,000 50 24 -6S -10E August, 1947 349,876 2,019,072 46.015 685,709 213,097 692,691 51 19 -6S -11E 24 -68 -10E 131,528 259,087 8,736 56,725 43,449 81,033 52 19 -6S -11E 7 -1S -12W February, 1950 40,592 94,942 12,999 26,906 21,808 25,711 53 9 -12W 163.813\* -15 June, 1949 27,478\* 58,149\* 54 7 -3S -13W July, 1951 99,273 99,273 217 217 1,050 1,050 55 -13W October, 1950 32 -1S 62,181 64,668 56 5 -2S -13W 2,10 -3S -14W August, 1951 52,000 52,000 3,000 3,000 57 None None 34 -2S -14W -5S -14W 14.233 51.665 18 May, 1948 4,131 12,155 590 590 58 33 -4S -14W January, 1949 433,726 974,758 20,553 30,979 86,083 156,814 59 -5S -14W 4 33 -14W August, 1947 121,821 489,365 25,594 43,359 23,576 100,266 60 -4S -5S -14W 4 2,479,400 385,000 August, 1946 360,000 124,000 2,114,808 47,085 61 4.9.10 -5S -14W 144,873 4 -4S -14W October, 1949 87,248 18,060 18,060 None None 62 -14W July, 1951 224,869 224,869 None None 1,516 1,516 63 33 -4S 480,484 739,464 -2N -1.2E October, 1949 292,963 337.249 None None 64 -1E September, 1943 4,044,868 23,720,959 450,522 6,109,748 5,205,812 17,393,812 65 20,21,28, -4N 29 1,645,336 694,786 219.184\* 360,387 21,28,29 -4N -1E 1948 884.414\* 109,739 66 17,130 17,130 5,680 -1E August, 1951 1,662 1,662 5,680 67 28 -4N 458,000 31 -3S -14W April, 1949 198,600 90,300 50,300 68 76,389 199,572 38,568\* 94,815\* 9,175 30,084 69 30,31 -3S -11E September, 1947 842,000 70 -14W October, 1948 146,000 12,200 31.000 128,000 200,000 5,6,7 -5N

TABLE I (Continued)

		DE	VELOPMEN	Γ AS OF 12-31.	INJECTION WATER					
Map	Number	of Wells	Injection	Spacing Acres Per	Productive A	Acreage			Avg, Bbls. Per Day Per Well	Average Wellhead Pressure
No.		Producers	Pattern	Input Well	To Injection	Total	Source	Type	Per Foot	PSI
36	9	16	5-spot	10	90	16,000	Tar Springs	Brine	5.6	12
37	4	8	Modified	4.4	44	400	Buchanan	Brine	4.9	300
38	4	0	5-spot 5-spot	10	10	100	1,325 ft. sand	Brine	-	0
39	1	17	5-spot	Irregula	10	305	Cypress	Brine	-	0
40,41	123	164		-	767	-	-	_	-	-
42	4	2	5-spot	10	40 .	700	Shallow sand and	Fresh	4.5	20
43	6	8	5-spot	10	60	80	pond Pennsylvanian sands	Brine	-	150
44	3	8	5-spot	10	30	80	Upper Pennsylvanian	Brine	-	0-400
45	2	5	5-spot	10	20	50	Pennsylvanian sands	Brine	-	5
46	9	18	5-spot	10	85	93	Gravel bed	Fresh	3.1	300
47	24	25	5-spot	4.4	100	115	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	3.2	300
48	8	3	_	_	23	<del>-</del>	-		-	250
49	4	. 1	5-spot	10	10	_	Gravel bed	Fresh	-	400
50	1	5	_	10	30	30	Produced	Brine	3.1	-
51	11	13	-	-	230	230		_	-	950
52	3	2	-	-	50	50	-	-	-	400
53	1	3	Spot	10	30	30	Shallow sand and	Fresh and	7.0	1,150
54	2	9	_	_	120	_	produced -	brine -	_	· _
55	2	4	_	10	21	40	Shallow river sand	Fresh and	13.9	-
56	7	11	5-spot	20	140	186	and produced Hardinsburg sand	brine Brine	2.1	1,000
57	16	22	5-spot	20	330	380	Gravel bed	Fresh	1.5	30
58	1	1	Spot	<b></b>	40	40	Gravel bed	Fresh	5.6	53
59	6	10	5-spot	20	130	_	Gravel béd	Fresh	8.4	1,200
60	1	2	Spot	20	100	_	Gravel bed	Fresh	67.0	1,350
61	3	32	Line Drive		525	525	Shallow sand and	Fresh and		0
62	4	5	5-spot	20	40	-	produced	brine Fresh	_	400
63	6	9	J-spot	10	_	_	_	Fresh	_	150
			Dominactor	-	196	290		Brine	8.8	390
64	10	22	Perimeter				Tar Springs		6.2	190
65	66	72	5-spot	10	527	527	Tar Springs	Brine		
66	14	11	Perimeter	-	445	445	Tar Springs	Brine	15.1	400
67	4	6	Peripheral		61	61	Tar Springs	Brine	2.9	433
68	9	18	5-spot	10	206	206	1,300 ft. sand and produced	Brine	_	300
69	4	8	5-spot	20	120	120	Upper Pennsylvanian		-	1,250
70	1	15	Spot	-	360	480	Cypress	Brine	57.2	~

RESERVOIR STATISTICS (Average Values)

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Depth Feet	Net Pay Thickness Feet	Porosity Per Cent	Permeability Millidarcys	Oil Gravity API	Oil Viscosity Centipoises		Map No.
1,500	42	21	144	38	_	Pilot flood; Viscosity at original reservoir conditions	36
983	12	21	243	32	7.3 @ 65° F.	<ol><li>2.6 cp.</li><li>Pilot flood; Previously subjected to gas injection.</li></ol>	37
913	22	22.5	51.5	34	-	Pilot flood; Delayed drilling of producing wells.	38
940	22	20.5	167	36	7 @ 80° F.	Pilot flood.	39
-	<del>-</del>	~	-	-	<del>-</del> '		40,41
1,000	15	20	75	-	-		42
1,035	20	22.2	100	33	13.5 @ Reser-	Previously subjected to gas injection.	43
830	10	21.5	50	32	voir Temp. 12		44
940 950	30 10	20.1	93	36	12.5 @ Reser-		45
1,010 875	15 34	19.8	175	32.7	voir Temp.	Subjected to gas injection 1932-50.	46
935	14	21.0	175	35.0	7.0 @ 60° F.	Subjected to gas injection 1934-48.	47
-	-	-	-	-	. <del>-</del>	Pilot flood; *Includes primary production.	48
1,334	-	-	-	_	-	*Includes primary production.	49
1,952	10	15	990	37	<b>-</b>	Area affected by natural water drive.	50
-	-	-	-	-	-		51
-	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b>		. 52
1,375	16	-	-	40.2	4.7 @ 70° F.		53
_	7	-	-	-	-	*As of 9-1-52.	54
2,500	20	18	50	-	· •		55
2,620	12	17.2	57	37	4.6 @ Reser-		56
2,680	18	17	75	36.5	voir Temp. 3.8 @ 81° F.		57
2,900	7	-	-	38.0	-		58
2,750	23.2	18.0	20	38.0	-	Previously subjected to gas injection.	59
2,900	5.0	-	-	35.0	-		60
2,200	43	19.2	190	36.8	2.9 @ 86° F.	Includes Indiana data. Original BHP 949 psi. Gas	61
2,800	~	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	currently injected into 5 wells.  Previously subjected to gas injection.	62
· <b>-</b>	_	-	-	-	-	Previously subjected to gas injection.	63
1,700	15	20	78	38	8.3 @ 69° F.		64
1,410	27	19.0	110	39.0	-		65
1,550	9	18.8	223	40.0	4.1	*Includes primary production.	66
1,280	10	21	32	39	3-4 @ 60° F.		67
1,550	29	17.6	86		20 @ Reser-	Pilot flood started April, 1949, and extended June, 1951.	68
1,830	-	-	-		voir Temp.	Pilot flood started September, 1947, and extended May,	69
2,860	7	-	-	-	-	1951; *Includes primary production.  Dump flood.	70

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Map No.	Field	Operator	Project	Formation ''Sand''	County
71	Salem	Texas	Salem Unit	Benoist	Marion
72	Salem	Texas	Salem Unit	Renault Aux Vases	Marion
73	Salem	Texas	Salem Unit	McClosky	Marion
74	Salem	Texas	Salem Unit	Devonian	Marion
75	Salem	Texas	Rosiclare Sand Unit	Rosiclare	Marion
76	Siggins	Bell Brothers	Flood No. 1	Upper Siggins	Cumberland
77	Siggins	Leland Fikes	Vevay Park	Siggins	Cumberland
78	Siggins	Forest	Siggins	First Siggins	Cumberland
79	Siggins	Hammonds and Wheless	~	Casey	Clark and Cumberland
80	Siggins	Pure	Union Group	First Siggins Second Siggins	Clark and Cumberland
81	Storms	Mabee	-	Waltersburg	White
82	Westfield	Forest	Parker	Gas Sand	Clark
83	Woburn Consolidated	Arrow	Spindler	Benoist	Bond
84	York	Trans Southern	York	Casey	Cumberland

TABLE II
ILLINOIS PRESSURE MAINTENANCE PROJECTS USING WATER INJECTION DURING 1951

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Map No.	<u>Field</u>	Operator	Project	Formation "Sand"	County
85	Boyd	Superior	Boyd	Bethel	Jefferson
86	Dix	Carter	Dix	Bethel	Jefferson
87	Louden	Carter	Louden Devonian	Devonian	Fayette
88	Omaha	Carter	Omaha	Palestine	Gallatin

PRODUCTION AND INJECTION STATISTICS (Barrels)

<del>\</del>	Name of the same o			Wate	r Injection		lary Recovery oduction	Water P			
	Location		Date First	Total	Cumulative	Total	Cumulative	Total	Cumulative	Map	
Section	Township	Range	Injection	1951	12-31-51	1951	12-31-51	1951	12-31-51	No.	
	-1N	-2E	October, 1950	273,493	341,922	7,028	7,792	12,945	14,220	71	
	-2N	-2E									
	-1N	-2E	October, 1950	432,050	488,267	None	None	None	None	72	
	-2N	-2E				•					
	-1N	-2E	April, 1951	1,007,176	1,007,176	27,253	27,253	102,279	102,279	73	
	-2N	-2E									
	-1N	-2E	October, 1950	3,644,884	3,982,087	8,285	8,285	408,936	408,936	74	
	-2N	-2E									
15	-1N	-2E	April, 1950	127,158	252,775	10,283	15,288	20,951	-	75	
13	-10N	-10E	September, 1950	· <u>-</u>	182,500	6,800*	9,000*	-	ayee.	76	
25	-10N	-10E	December, 1950	99,530	100,534	545	545	27,515	27,515	77	
	-10N	-10,11E	June, 1942	5,449,100	23,513,000	703,820	3,870,760	2,500,000*	9,500,000*	78	
7 7	-10N -10N	-14W -11E	December, 1951	1,539	1,539	-	-	-	-	79	
18	-10N -10N	-11E	December, 1946	1,384,033	6,834,794	308,007	1,402,904	1,256,084	3,461,116	80	
18	-10N -10N	-14W -11E	December, 1940	1,304,033	0,034,194	308,007	1,402,704	1,230,004	3,401,110	60	
22	-10N -6S	-11E	July, 1951	24,035	24,035	None	None	None	None	81	
22	- 03	-9E	July, 1951	24,033	24,033	None	None	None	None	01	
30	-11N	-14W	June, 1950	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	
10	-6N	-2 W	September, 1951	19,095	19,095	-	-	-	-	83	
6	-9N	-11E	October, 1950	153,873	197,802	5,603	5,603	50,436	50,436	84	
Total				57,146,945	148,279,296	6,672,008	21,889,880				

PRODUCTION AND INJECTION STATISTICS (Barrels)

				Water	r Injection	Oil Pr	oduction †	Water P	roduction	
Section	Location Township	Range	Date First Injection	Total 1951	Cumulative 12-31-51	Total 1951	Cumulative 12-31-51	Total 1951	Cumulative 12-31-51	Map No.
19	-1S	-2E	June, 1945	447,700	4,162,400	-	4,422,890	-	3,365,561	85
3,4,9,10	-1S	-2E	January, 1948	322,039	775,820	316,792	6,683,402	195,901	2,452,774	86
	-8N	-3E	September, 1943	10,348,480	64,460,813	729,600	13,916,000	9,530,500	68,300,000	87
33 4	-7S -8S	-8E -8E	October, 1944	99,813	568,313	107,395	1,637,457	89,262	701,265	88

 $\dagger Includes$  both primary recovery and any additional oil obtained by pressure maintenance.

	-	DE	VELOPMENT	AS OF 12-3		INJECTION WATER				
		C 717 11		Spacing	Productive A	creage			Avg. Bbls. Per Day	Average Wellhead
Map No.		r of Wells Producers	Injection Pattern	Acres Per Input Well	Subjected To Injection	Total	Source	Toma	Per Well Per Foot	Pressure
140.	injection	Troducers	rattern	input Well	10 injection	Total	Source	Type	Per Foot	PSI
71.	2	1,103*	-	-	20	8,092	Produced	Brine	13.3	253
72	2	1,103*	-	-	20	4,892	Produced	Brine	17.9	203
73	16	711	-	-	160	7,711	Produced	Brine	11.4	55
74	10	340	-	-	100	5,414	Produced	Brine	52.6	0
75	3	6	Flank		100	100	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	8.3	350
76	· 15	30	5-spot	4.4	80	80	Surface and produced		-	200
77	2	4	5-spot	4.4	7	1,000	Surface pond and	brine Fresh and	8.5	200
78	363	315	5-spot	4.4	1,500	-	produced Gravel bed and	brine Fresh and	1.3	200
79	23	20	5-spot	4.4	135	227	produced Surface and produced	brine Fresh and brine	-	200
80	127	121	5-spot	4.4	468	468	groduced Gravel bed	Fresh	1.0	245
81	1	2	-	-	40	40	Pennsylvanian sand	Brine	10.0	45
82	9	4	5-spot	2.5	10	-	Gravel bed	Fresh	-	-
83	1	4	Spot	-	20	20	Produced	Brine	3.7	190
84	3	7	Line Drive	-	10	350	Shallow sand and	Brine	14.1	300
					17,646		produced			

TABLE II (Continued)

		DEVELOPMENT AS	6 OF 12-31-51		INJECTIO	ON WATER	
Map No.	Number of Wells Injection Producer	Injection Pattern	Productive Acreage	Source	Type	Average Wellhead Pressure PSI	
85	3 57	Flank	1,800	Produced	Brine	-	
86	4 74	Periphery	1,740	Produced and Tar Springs	Brine	50	
87	6 74	Periphery	3,200	Produced	Brine	100	
88	1 17	Flank	420	Produced	Brine	0	

# RESERVOIR STATISTICS (Average Values)

# REMARKS

Depth Feet	Net Pay Thickness Feet	Porosity Per Cent	Permeability Millidarcys	Oil Gravity API	Oil Viscosity Centipoises		Map No.
1,770	28	17.9	150	-	3.9 @ 93° F.	*Dually completed with Renault-Aux Vases.	71
1,825	7) 26)	16.5) 16.3)	18) 28)	-	4.8 @ 93° F. 4.4 @ 93° F.	*Dually completed with Benoist.	72
1,950	20	15.8	700	-	-		73
3,400	19	16.8	300	-	-		74
2,093	14	11.5	43	36.5	-		75
320	16	18.9	73	34	12 @ 63° F.	*Includes primary production; Previously subjected to gas injection.	76
600	16	20.3	349	30.1	ones.	gas injection. Pilot flood.	7 <b>7</b>
400	. 32	17.5	56	36.6	8 @ 60° F.	*Estimated.	78
447	56	21.5	40.2	33.8	10.5 @ 69° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	79
404) 464)	25) 6)	18.5) 18.3)	45) 66)	36	8.8 @ 68° F.	Original BHP 200 psi.	80
2,241	15	. ~	-	-	-		81
270	25	17.9	153	28.1	54 @ 60° F.	Previously subjected to gas injection.	82
1,006	14	-	wine.	-	600		83
590	10	21.9	231	30.3	10 @ 75° F.	Pilot flood.	84

# RESERVOIR STATISTICS (Average Values)

#### REMARKS

Depth Feet	Net Pay Thickness Feet	Porosity ,	Permeability Millidarcys	Oil Gravity API		Map No.
***	19	17.5	175	***	Gas currently being injected.	85
1,950	12	16.4	128	39	Viscosity at original reservoir conditions 2.5 cp.	86
3,100	-	~-	-	29	Viscosity at original reservoir conditions 6.5 cp.	87
1,700	17	18.9	427	27	Viscosity at original reservoir conditions 17,3 cp.	88

# Errata for Circular 182

Page 3 - 4th paragraph, line 1, for "6,672,008" read 6,395,944.

5th paragraph, line 1, for "6,672,008" read 6,395,944, Page 11 - Map location no. 61, for "2,114,808" read 457,898,

Wap location no. 65, for "450,522" read 174,458; for "6,109,748" read 5,722,458.

15 - in totals at end of Table I, for "6,672,008" read 6,395,944; for "21,889,880" read 19,845,680.